

Moduli Spaces of Positive Curvature Metrics

DMV Jahrestagung - Sektion Geometrie & Topologie

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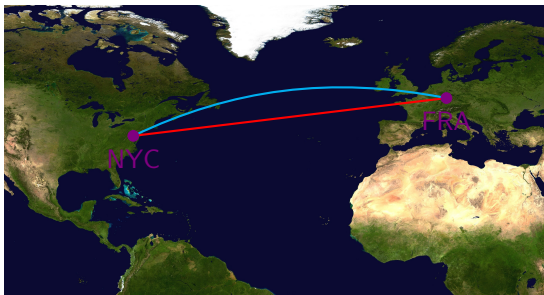
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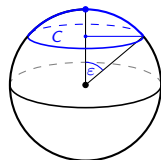
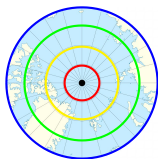
Curvature





Curvature

Notions of Curvature



$$C = 2\pi \sin(\epsilon)$$

Definition

$$\frac{l_P(\epsilon)}{2\pi\epsilon} = 1 - \frac{\text{sec}_g(P)}{6}\epsilon^2 + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^3)$$

Sectional Curvature

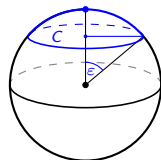
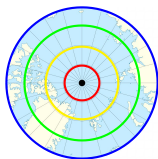
$$\frac{d \text{vol}_g}{d \text{vol}_{\text{eucl}}}(p + \epsilon v) = 1 - \frac{\text{Ric}(v, v)}{6}\epsilon^2 + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^3)$$

Ricci Curvature

$$\frac{\text{vol}(B_\epsilon(p) \subseteq M^d)}{\text{vol}(B_\epsilon(0) \subseteq \mathbb{R}^d)} = 1 - \frac{\text{scal}_g(p)}{6(d+2)}\epsilon^2 + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^3)$$

Scalar Curvature

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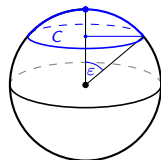
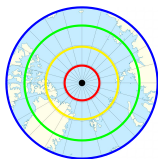
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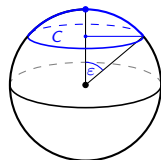
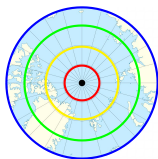
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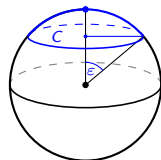
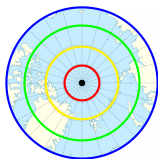
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Scalar Curvature

Example (Positive Sectional Curvature Metrics)

- $S^n \subset \mathbb{R}^{n+1}$, $(\mathbb{C}P^n, g_{FS})$, $(\mathbb{H}P^n, g_{FS})$, $\mathbb{O}P^n$

Example (Positive Ricci Curvature)

- $S^n \times S^n$ or $\Sigma^n \in bP_{n+1}$ (**Wraith 2011**)

Example (Positive Scalar Curvature)

- $S^2 \times S^1$

Example (No positive curvature)

- T^n , K3-surfaces

Question

What is the homotopy type of

$$\text{Riem}^C(M) := \{g \text{ Riem. metric with curv. cond. } C\}?$$

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Example (Hitchin)

Diffeomorphisms act via pull back

$$\text{Diff}(M) \curvearrowright \text{Riem}^C(M) \quad \text{via} \quad (\varphi, g) \mapsto \varphi^* g.$$

Hitchin '74: There is $[\varphi(t)] \in \pi_1(\text{Diff}(S^8))$ such that

$$[\varphi(t)^* g_{\text{round}}] \neq 0 \in \pi_1(\text{Riem}^{\text{scal}}(S^8))$$

Observer Diffeomorphism

$$\text{Diff}_{x_0}(M) := \{\varphi \in \text{Diff}(M) : D_{x_0}\varphi = \text{id}\} \leadsto \text{Riem}^C(M) \text{ freely}$$

Versions of Moduli Spaces

$$\mathfrak{M}^C(M) := \text{Riem}^C(M)/\text{Diff}(M) \quad \text{Moduli Space}$$

$$\mathfrak{M}_{x_0}^C(M) := \text{Riem}^C(M)/\text{Diff}_{x_0}(M) \quad \text{Observer M.S.}$$

$$\mathfrak{h}\mathfrak{M}^C(M) := (\text{Riem}^C(M) \times E\text{Diff}(M))/\text{Diff}(M) \quad \text{homotopy M.S.}$$

$$\mathfrak{h}\mathfrak{M}_{x_0}^C(M) := (\text{Riem}^C(M) \times E\text{Diff}_{x_0}(M))/\text{Diff}_{x_0}(M) \quad \text{h Obs. M.S.}$$

Properties of Moduli Spaces

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \text{Riem}^C(M)/\text{Diff}_{x_0}(M) & \longrightarrow & \text{Riem}^C(M)/\text{Diff}(M) & (1) \\
 \uparrow \cong & & \uparrow & \\
 \text{Riem}^C(M)//\text{Diff}_{x_0}(M) & \longrightarrow & \text{Riem}^C(M)//\text{Diff}(M) &
 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Riem}^C(M) \longrightarrow \mathfrak{h}\mathfrak{M}(M) = \text{Riem}^C(M)//\text{Diff}(M) \longrightarrow B\text{Diff}(M) \quad (2)$$

$$[X, \mathfrak{h}\mathfrak{M}(M)] \xrightarrow[\cong]{[f] \mapsto f^* g_{\text{univ}}} \bigsqcup_{[E]} \pi_0(\text{Riem}_{\text{vert}}^C(E)) \quad (3)$$

Theorem (H.)

For all $n \geq 2$ and all odd $3 \leq j \leq n - 1$, we have

$$\pi_2(\mathfrak{hM}_{x_0}^{\text{sec}>0}(\mathbb{C}P^2), [g_{FS}]) \neq 0, \quad (1)$$

$$\pi_{2j}(\mathfrak{hM}_{x_0}^{\text{sec}>0}(\mathbb{C}P^n), [g_{FS}]) \otimes \mathbb{Q} \neq 0. \quad (2)$$